IN THE CLAIMS

1. (Original) An electrical circuit material comprising a conductive layer disposed a substrate, wherein the substrate is formed from a thermosetting composition comprising:

a polybutadiene or polyisoprene resin;

a cross-linking agent;

a particulate fluoropolymer; and

about 20 to about 50 percent by weight, based on the total weight of the thermosetting composition, of a magnesium hydroxide having less than about 1000 ppm of ionic contaminants; wherein the substrate has a UL-94 rating of at least V-1.

- 2. (Original) The electrical circuit material of Claim 1, wherein the thermosetting composition further comprises a butadiene- or isoprene-containing copolymer.
- 3. (Original) The electrical circuit material of Claim 2, wherein the butadiene- or isoprene-containing copolymer is an unsaturated butadiene- or isoprene-containing copolymer.
- 4. (Original) The electrical circuit material of Claim 3, wherein the volume to volume ratio of the polybutadiene or polyisoprene resin to the unsaturated butadiene- or isoprene-containing copolymer is between 1:9 and 9:1, inclusive.
- 5. (Original) The electrical circuit material of Claim 1, wherein the thermosetting composition further comprises a curing agent.
- 6. (Original) The electrical circuit material of Claim 5, wherein the curing agent is an organic peroxide, a dicumyl peroxide, a di(2-tert-butylperoxyisopropyl) benzene, a t-butylperbenzoate, a t-butylperoxy hexyne-3, or a combination comprising one or more of the foregoing curing agents.

- 7. (Original) The electrical circuit material of Claim 1, wherein the thermosetting composition further comprises a low molecular weight polymer.
- 8. (Original) The electrical circuit material of Claim 1, wherein the thermosetting composition further comprises a functionalized liquid polybutadiene or polyisoprene resin.
- 9. (Original) The electrical circuit material of Claim 1, wherein the cross-linking agent is triallylisocyanurate, triallylcyanurate, diallyl phthalate, divinyl benzene, a multifunctional acrylate monomer, or a combination comprising one or more of the foregoing cross-linking agents.
- 10. (Original) The electrical circuit material of Claim 1, wherein the particulate fluoropolymer is a difluoroethylene polymer, a tetrafluoroethylene polymer, a tetrafluoroethylene-hexafluoropropylene copolymer, a copolymer of tetrafluoroethylene with fluorine-free ethylenic monomers, or a combination comprising one or more of the foregoing particulate fluoropolymers.
- 11. (Original) The electrical circuit material of Claim 1, wherein the substrate has a moisture absorption value less than about 0.2% and a UL-94 flammability rating of V-0.
- 12. (Original) The electrical circuit material of Claim 1, wherein the substrate has a dielectric constant less than about 4.5 and a dielectric loss factor less than about 0.01.
- 13. (Currently Amended) The electrical circuit material of Claim $\underline{1}$ $\underline{+}$ 6, wherein the conductive layer is copper.
- 14. (Original) The electrical circuit material of Claim 1, wherein the thermosetting composition further comprises a woven or non-woven glass web.

- 15. (Original) The electrical circuit material of Claim 1, wherein the magnesium hydroxide comprises less than about 500 ppm of metal.
- 16. (Original) The electrical circuit material of Claim 1, wherein the thermosetting composition further comprises a chlorine-containing flame retardant, a bromine-containing flame retardant, or a combination comprising one or more of the foregoing flame retardants.
- 17. (Original) The electrical circuit material of Claim 1, wherein the magnesium hydroxide has an average surface area of about 3 to about 12 meters squared per gram.
- 18. (Original) A circuit comprising the electrical circuit material of Claim
 1.
- 19. (Original) A substrate for an electrical circuit material, wherein the substrate comprises a thermosetting composition comprising:
 - a polybutadiene or polyisoprene resin;
 - a cross-linking agent;
 - a particulate fluoropolymer; and
- about 20 to about 50 percent by weight, based on the total weight of the thermosetting composition, of a magnesium hydroxide having less than about 1000 ppm of ionic contaminants; wherein the substrate has a UL-94 rating of at least V-1.
 - 20. (Cancelled)
- 21. (Previously Presented) The electrical circuit material of Claim 1, wherein the magnesium hydroxide is coated with an aminosilane.
- 22. (Previously Presented) The electrical circuit material of Claim 1, further comprising a filler.

- 23. (Previously Presented) The electrical circuit material of Claim 22, where the filler further comprises a coupling agent.
- 24. (Previously Presented) The electrical circuit material of Claim 23, where the coupling agent is a silane.